# **Monthly Spotlight**

## Horrific YTD performance for global high quality bonds

The Bloomberg Global Agg. Bond index, which is composed of corporate and government bonds, experienced with a decline of -11.6% year-to-date by far the worst performance on record! The losing run came only to a halt in mid-May with a loss of -12.4% and recovered only slightly since then.

The chart on the right shows the individual calendar year returns of the index over the last  $\sim\!30$  years and illustrates the unprecedented sell-off in high quality bonds in 2022 caused by the sharp increase in interest rates. The index has an average duration of around 7 years and hence, the boost in rates was felt heavily by this widely used reference index.

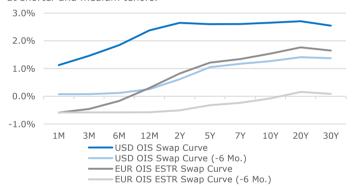


#### **Rates Perspective**

1) Historical US Treasury Yield: 10-year US government bond yield reached its 100-year low in 2020.



**2) Interest Swap Curve:** The USD curve steepened predominantly at shorter and medium tenors.



# **Corporate Perspective**

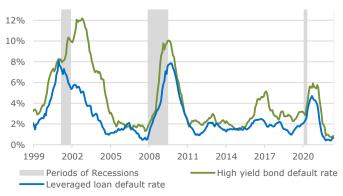
**3) US Corp. Rating:** Credit spreads (OAS) of lower rated high-yield bonds widened disproportionately.



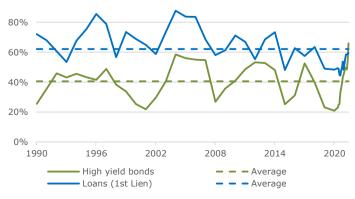
**4) EU vs US:** Credit spreads (OAS) between the US and EU have narrowed since the beginning of 2022.



**5) Default Rates:** HY bond default rates are structurally higher (Ø4.3%) vs. loans (Ø2.7%).



**6) Recovery Rates:** Recovery rates of leveraged loans are higher (Ø62%) vs. high yield bonds (Ø41%) due to lower severity.



# OAS spread change overview across major credit asset classes - as of month end

#### US corporates by rating (bps)

oo corpora	ccs by it	ating (bps
	curr	△ month
AAA	62	-8
AA	83	-3
Α	113	-4
BBB	173	+2
ВВ	274	-11
В	467	+46
CCC	983	+128

Global	high	yield	(bps)
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	curr	∆ month
US HY	422	+25
EU HY	474	+20
Asia HY	1183	+63
EM HY	516	+29

spread	tightening	(positive	price	action	,
spread	widening (	(negative	price	action	)

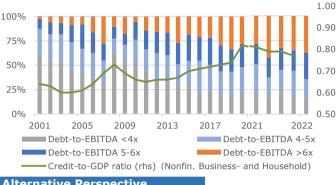
CDS	spreads	(bps)	

	curr	△ month
CDX IG - US	80	-4
iTraxx IG - EU	88	-3
CDX HY - US	461	-0
iTraxx XO - EU	437	+10

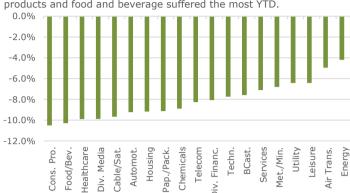
Loans a	nd	CLOs	(yld, bps)	
		curr	∆ month	
IC Lann		E76	1102	

	CULL	Δ montn
US Loan	576	+102
CLO AAA	453	+19
CLO BBB	730	+75
CLO BB	1136	+100

#### 7) US Leverage: Debt-to-EBITDA ratio of US companies remained stable at elevated levels.

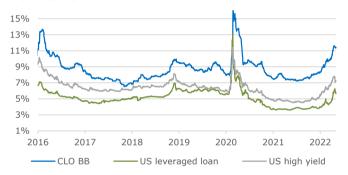


8) YTD Sector High-Yield Returns: Total return of consumer products and food and beverage suffered the most YTD

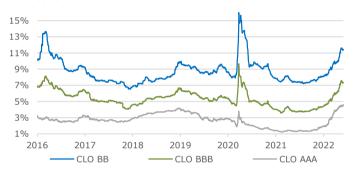


#### **Alternative Perspective**

#### 9) Loans vs. CLO vs. HY: CLO BB yields are wider vs Loans and HY bonds.



10) CLO Yields: CLOs offer an attractive yield premium over bonds and loans.



11) Asia vs. US: Asian IG spreads are elevated primarily driven by the stress in the Chinese real estate development sector.



12) Capital vs IG.: Capital Securities structurally earn a premium vs. US IG bonds. Capital Securities are dominated by the financial sector.



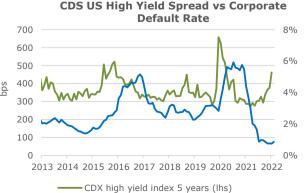
## **Education Corner**

### High yield fairly valued @ implied default rate of ~5.2%

The CDS high yield index is a benchmark index that tracks a basket of 100 liquid U.S. single-issuer non-investment grade credit default swaps. Credit default swaps act like insurance policies in the financial world, offering a buyer protection in the event of a borrower's default.

The average CDX High Yield spread stands at 464 bps at the end of & May, what represents a simplified implied default rate of ~5.2% and makes HY bonds look fairly valued despite a worsening economic outlook. The current default rate stands at 0.8%.

Calculation of simplified implied default rate: Assuming a 40% recovery rate and 150 bps risk compensation after losses resulting from defaults. ==> ([464 bps ./. 150 bps] / [1-0.4]).



US High yield bond default rate (rhs)

#### US Loan Index Total Return - Attractive Long Term Yield Generation 2017 2020 Repeal of US CLO risk retention • \$787 bn global volume \$2.50 COVID-1 • U.S. CLO issuance \$129 bn • U.S. default rate is 1.8% · M&A loan volume record high DJIA hits 25'000 • Eurozone bails out Greece \$2,25 • \$142 bn of global CLO vol. • Eurozone bails out Ireland Adoption of Dodd-Frank \$2.00 TARP ends 2015 2019 GREXIT crisis \$1.75 • US - China Trade War 2016 2007 Three Fed rate cuts BREXIT referendum 754 bn global volume • U.S. default rate is 1.4% \$1.50 O&G defaults U.S. year-end default rate 0.26% Dodd-Frank effective at year-end \$1.25 • \$437 bn global volume U.S. default rate < 1.2%</li> \$1.00 2008 • U.S. sovereign debt downgrade • LLI falls 29%; DJIA falls 34% 2009 • Global volume falls to 30% of 2007 (\$237 bn) • \$98 bn global volume \$0.75 • U.S. year-end default rate rises to 4.35% • U.S. year-end default rate peaks at 8.2% • AIG. Bear Stearns & Lehman Bros. collapse \$0.50 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Total Return Index

#### **List of Abbreviations**

**Capital Securities (Or preferred securities):** Are fixed income securities combining features of bonds and preferred stocks.

**CDS:** Credit default swaps transfer credit event risk to another party in exchange of a perdiodically paid premium. CDX index covers the US IG-, iTraxx the EU IG- and iTraxx crossover (XO) the EU HY market.

**CLOs:** Collateralized loan obligations are structured finance securities collateralized predominantly by a large pool of different loans.

**Default Rate:** Number of defaulted corporate issuers of leveraged loans and high yield bonds.

**Loans:** Are syndicated, public tradable loans. Synonyms are «syndicated loans», «loans», «leveraged loans» and «bank loans».

**OAS:** Option-adjusted spread is the yield difference of an interest paying security to the risk free rate considering embedded options.

**TIPS:** Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are US government linked to the US CPI Urban Non-Seasonally Adjusted.

**Up-/ downgrades:** Rating actions of Moody's and S&P of up-or downgrades of US high yield bond issuers denominated in USD.

**Up-/ downgrade ratio:** Number of upgrades of total rating actions.

**Recovery Rates:** Bond issuer-weighted recovery rates express the principal and accrued interest on defaulted debt that can be recovered in percentage of face value. Example:

Expected loss rate if US HY defaults were 10%: 10%./. Estimated average recovery rate of  $\sim$ 30% = -7%; Example for Loans:

Expected loss rate if US Loan defaults were 10%: 10% ./. Estimated average recovery rate of  $\sim$ 65% = -3.5%;

# **Data and Price Sources**

Alpinum Investment Management Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Palmer Square indices

Bank of America Merrill Lynch indices Markit CDS indices Preqin
Bloomberg Moody's Investors Service S&P

The Federal Reserve J.P. Morgan Federal Housing Finance Agency

US Census Bureau

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